HG HOME14HOMEDec 12 2003AJC#1 -Composite Proof 12/9/03 0:01 0:00

SHRUB PRUNING WALTER REEVES'



Pruning is an important cultural practice for maintaining shrubs. There are several reasons to prune. Sometimes you want to train or direct the growth of plants into a particular form or space. Or perhaps you want to control the size and shape of mature plants. Most shrubs have a best and a "less-best" time when they should be pruned. If you are not that familiar with your shrubs, you may not know when one blooms, and you might mistakenly prune it just before it flowers. This pruning calendar provides the preferred times to prune your shrubs. Remember, though, that out-of-schedule pruning may sometimes be necessary, such as to correct damage. If your shrub is overgrown, a winter pruning may be needed, even though flowering in the following year will be affected. Don't worry: That won't kill your plants; the worst you might do is remove flower buds or make them less winter-hardy. For more information on basic principles of pruning woody plants, visit www.ces.uga.edu/pubcd/B949-W.HTMI.

= Best time to prune

Oleander Smoke tree = Do not prune except to correct damage, hazards or structural defects

COMMENTS: 1 Shear in midseason if a formal hedge is desired. 2 Do not cut into old wood that has no leaves or needles. Fall/early winter pruning can reduce winter hardiness.

	RY	R	오	2	AY	M	TY .	ISI	罗	罗	罗	罗	S
NEW WO	OOD			ı branches tha ne to prune is									
Abelia	Ø	0	(2)	Ø	Ø	0	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	•	
Beautyberry	Y	Ÿ	Ō	Ō	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ō	Ō	Ō	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ÿ	
Buckeye, bottlebrush	Y	V	0	(0)	0	(7)	(0)	(7)	(2)	0	(7)	V	
Butterfly bush	Y	Y	(0)	N	(2)	(0	N	(2)	(2)	Ø	(7)	Y	
Chaste tree (vitex)	Y	Y	Ø	N	(2)	(0)	N	(N)	Ø	Ø	(7)	N N	
Clethra (summersweet)	V	V	N N	N N	()	0	N	()	Ø	()	(2)	V	
Crape myrtle	Y	Y	0	Ø	0	0	V	V	0	0	(2)	(N)	3
Hibiscus, tropical	N N	Ø	0	(0)	V	V	Y	Y	V	V	(2)	()	
Hibiscus (Confederate rose)	V	V	()	()	(2)	(0)	()	0	0	Ø	(7)	V	
Hibiscus (rose of Sharon, althea)	Y	O	0	Ø	Q	Ō	Ō	Ō	Ō	0	<u>Ď</u>	Y	
Hydrangea, fall blooming	Y	O	0	0	0	0	Ø	0	0	0	(2)	Y	
Hydrangea ('Annabelle')	O	O	0	N N	Ø	•	W	()	Ø	0	Ø	O	
Hypericum (St. John's Wort)	V	O	0	Ø	Ø	0	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	(0)	
Nandina	•	•	•	(7)	(2)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	(7)	

Spirea, summer blooming	•	V	0	<u>(0</u>	Ø	<u>Ø</u>	Ø	Ø	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	0	Ø	
OLD WO	OD			rowth that occ e pruned imme									
Almond, flowering	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	•	•	•	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	
Azalea, evergreen		(2)	N N	(1)	Y	Y	Y	Ø	(7)	Ø	(2)	N .	
Azalea, deciduous	Ø	<u>Ø</u>	Ø	Ø	<u>Ø</u>	V	V	V	<u>Ø</u>	Ø	<u>Ø</u>	Ø	
Banana shrub	0	0	N .	Ø	V	V	V	0	0	0	0	0	3
Beautybush (Kolkwitzia)	Ø	Ø	Ø	0	Ø	Y	V	N .	Ø	0	Ø	N .	
Camellia ja∖ponica	0	0	N .	•	V	V	N	N	Ø	0	(0)	N	
Camellia sasanqua	Ø	Ø	Y	V	V	Ø	N N	Ø	Ø	0	Ø	Ø	
Daphne, winter	Ø	Ø	Ø	V	V	V	Y	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	
Deutzia	Ø	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	Ø	<u>Ø</u>	V	V	0	<u>Ø</u>	Ø	<u>Ø</u>	Ø	
Forsythia	Ø	<u>Ø</u>	Ø	V	V	V	Y	V	<u>Ø</u>	Ø	<u>Ø</u>	Ø	
Fothergilla	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ÿ	Ÿ	Y	Y	0	Ø	Ø	Ø	
Gardenia	•	•	Ø	Ø	0	Ø	V	•	0	Ø	Ø	V	
Honeysuckle, winter	(N)	<u>Ø</u>	V	V	V	V	Y	N N	Ø	Ø	<u>Ø</u>	N V	
Hydrangea, oakleaf	V	Ø		<u>Ň</u>	Ø	<u>Ø</u>	Ŏ		0	<u> </u>	<u>Ø</u>	V	
Hydrangea, summer blooming	0	<u> </u>	Ø	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	V	O	<u> </u>	Ø	<u> </u>	Ø	
Indian hawthorn (Raphiolepis)	<u>Ø</u>	<u>Ø</u>	Ø	N N	<u> </u>	Y	Y	Ø	<u> </u>	Ø	Ø	Ø	
Jasmine, winter	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ø	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	N .	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>Ø</u>	Ø	
Kerria	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>N</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>Ø</u>	<u>N</u>	
Leucothoe	<u> </u>	0	Ø	<u> </u>	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ø	
Lilac	Ø	Ø	Ø	()	Ø	Y	Ÿ	Ø	0	Ø	Ø	Ō	
Mockorange	Ø	<u> </u>	Ø	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Y	<u> </u>	Ø	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0	Ø	
Mountain laurel (Kalmia)	<u> </u>	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	N V	
Osmanthus	<u> </u>	O	Ÿ	V	•	Ŷ	Ø	Ø	<u>Ø</u>	Ō	0		
Pieris	<u> </u>	<u>Ø</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ø	<u> </u>	Ø	Ø	<u>N</u>	
Pyracantha	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ø	<u> </u>	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ø	<u> </u>	Ø	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	
Quince	Q	<u> </u>	0	V	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>N</u>					
Rhododendron		<u>Ø</u>			<u> </u>	Ý	Ý	Ø	0	<u>Ø</u>	<u>Ø</u>	Ø	
Rose, climbing	0	<u>Ø</u>	N O	<u> </u>	<u>0</u>	y	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>Ø</u>	0	
Spirea, spring blooming	Ø	0	0	0	V	Y	Ÿ	Ø	0	0	0	Ø	
Sweetshrub (Carolina allspice)	<u> </u>	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>Ø</u>	<u>Ø</u>	<u>V</u>	<u>V</u>	0	0	<u> </u>	N .	
Sweetspire (itea)	<u>Ø</u>	<u>Ø</u>	Ø	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ø	<u>Ø</u>	Ø	
Viburnum, deciduous	<u>Ø</u>	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>					
Viburnum, evergreen	<u> </u>	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>N</u>	<u>Ø</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Weigela	<u> </u>	0	0	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Y	Y	Y .	0	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>0</u>	
Willow, pussy	<u> </u>	Ø	<u> </u>	V	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	O	0	<u> </u>	0	0	
Wintersweet (Chimonanthus)	<u> </u>	<u>Ø</u>	V	V	V	V	<u>V</u>	0	<u>0</u>	<u> </u>	0	0	
Witch hazel	0	0	0	V	V	V	V	0	0	0	0	0	

			JCE	K 5	before spring					In general, the groughout the g			inter,
Anise (Illicium)	0	Ø	0	0	Ø	Ø	Ø	00	0	Ø	Ø	Y	
Arborvitae	V	O	()	Ÿ	V	Ŭ	Ÿ	Ø	Ō	Ō	Ÿ	Y	2
Aucuba	(0)	0	(7)	Y	O	V	Y	V	0	0	(2)	Ø	
Barberry, deciduous	0	0	(2)	0	V	V	V	0	0	0	(0)	N N	
Barberry, evergreen	Ø	Ø	Ø	N	V	•	V	Ø	(0)	(2)	(0)	Ø	
Boxwood	Y	O	W	O	O	O	O	Ō	Ō	<u>Ø</u>	O	· ·	1
Broom (Cytisus)	Ø	Ø	<u>(V)</u>	N	(2)	O	O	Ō	Ō	Ō	(N)	Ø	
Cherry laurel	Y	O	W	O	O	O	O	Ō	Ō	<u>Ø</u>	O	Ÿ	1
Cleyera	Ø	Ø	V	O	O	(1)	(1)	Ō	Ō	Ō	(2)	Ø	1
Cotoneaster, deciduous	W	•	(7)	0	Ø	Ø	(N)	(N)	0	0	•	Y	
Cotoneaster, evergreen	W	•	(7)	(N)	(2)	Ø	(N)	(N)	0	Ø	•	Y	
Eleagnus	W	•	W	•	•	•	O	•	0	0	•	Y	
Euonymus, deciduous	•	•	V	0	0	Ø	(N)	Ø	0	0	V	Y	
Euonymus, evergreen	•	•	V	Y	O	•	Y	Ø	0	0	V	N N	1
Fatsia	Ø	Ø	Ŷ	Y	V	Ø	N N	()	Ø	0	Ø		
Harry Lauder's Walking Stick	Ø	Ø	Ø	0	V	O	V	Ø	0	0	Ø	N	
Holly, evergreen	Y	O	Y	V	V	•	V	V	0	0	Ø	Y	1
Holly, deciduous	W	O	Ø	N	0	Ø	(N)	(N)	0	0	0	Y	
Juniper	V	V	Y	V	V	O	V	Ø	0	0	V	Y	2
Laurel, English	V	V	Y	N	()	Ø	(N)	Ø	0	0	Ø	Y	1
Mahonia (Oregon Grapeholly)	(0)	0	N O	V	V	O	V	V	V	0	N .	N	
Photinia	V	Ø	(0	N N	V	O	O	O	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	1
Pittosporum	Ø	O	V	V	O	0	0	0	0	0	Ø	Ø	
Plum yew, Japanese	Y	V	Y	V	V	O	Ÿ	Ÿ	V	0	Ø	Ø	
Podocarpus	Y	O	Y	<u> </u>	O	O	Y	Y	<u> </u>	<u>Ø</u>	Ø	Ø	3
Privet, evergreen (Ligustrum)	Y	O	Y	V	V	V	V	Y	Ø	0	Y	Y	1 3
Sumac	V	O	Y	<u> </u>	0	<u>Ø</u>	Ø	Y	Y	Ÿ	V	Y	
Wax myrtle	Y	O	Y	<u> </u>	V	O	Y	Ÿ	<u> </u>	<u>Ø</u>	Ø	Ø	3
Yew	V	V	Y	Y	V	V	V	0	0	0	0	0	1 3

- **EXCEPTIONS** > Timing varies by at least three weeks across our climate zones. Temperature zones within Georgia range from 8b (warmer) along the coast to 7a (colder) along the Tennessee border.

 This calendar is been an expected weether conditions in Atlanta. A finite result of the coast to 7a (colder) along the Tennessee border. This calendar is based on expected weather conditions in Atlanta. Adjust your schedule according to the region in which you live.
 - ➤ Prune any time to correct vandalism and hazards created by equipment or weather.
 - ➤ Hedges maintained formally (tight shapes) require more pruning than hedges maintained informally (in their natural form).